Non-GAAP Financial Measures Q4 Results I January 28, 2020



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We have reported our financial results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). In addition, we have discussed our financial results using the non-GAAP measures described below. We believe these non-GAAP measures allow investors to better understand the trends in our business and to better understand and compare our results. Accordingly, we believe it is necessary to adjust several reported amounts, determined in accordance with GAAP, to exclude the effects of certain items as well as their related income tax effects.

A reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP are set forth below as well as in the fourth quarter 2019 presentation slides available at www.xerox.com/investor.

These non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the company's reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted Earnings Measures

- Net Income and Earnings per share (EPS)
- Effective Tax Rate

The above measures were adjusted for the following items:

- Restructuring and related costs: Restructuring and related costs include restructuring and asset impairment charges as well as costs associated with our transformation programs beyond those normally included in restructuring and asset impairment charges. Restructuring consists of costs primarily related to severance and benefits paid to employees pursuant to formal restructuring and workforce reduction plans. Asset impairment includes costs incurred for those assets sold, abandoned or made obsolete as a result of our restructuring actions, exiting from a business or other strategic business changes. Additional costs for our transformation programs are primarily related to the implementation of strategic actions and initiatives and include third-party professional service costs as well as one-time incremental costs. All of these costs can vary significantly in terms of amount and frequency based on the nature of the actions as well as the changing needs of the business. Accordingly, due to that significant variability, we will exclude these charges since we do not believe they provide meaningful insight into our current or past operating performance nor do we believe they are reflective of our expected future operating expenses as such charges are expected to yield future benefits and savings with respect to our operational performance.
- <u>Amortization of intangible assets:</u> The amortization of intangible assets is driven by our acquisition activity which can vary in size, nature and timing as compared to other companies within our industry and from period to period. The use of intangible assets contributed to our revenues earned during the periods presented and will contribute to our future period revenues as well. Amortization of intangible assets will recur in future periods.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures (cont'd)

- <u>Transaction and related costs, net:</u> Transaction and related costs, net are expenses incurred in connection with i) our announced proposal to acquire HP Inc. and ii) our planned transaction with Fuji, which was terminated in May 2018, inclusive of costs related to litigation resulting from the terminated transaction and other shareholder actions. The costs are primarily for third-party legal, accounting, consulting and other similar type professional services as well as potential legal settlements. These costs are considered incremental to our normal operating charges and were incurred or are expected to be incurred solely as a result of the planned transactions. Accordingly, we are excluding these expenses from our Adjusted Earnings Measures in order to evaluate our performance on a comparable basis.
- Non-service retirement-related costs: Our defined benefit pension and retiree health costs include several elements impacted by changes in plan assets and obligations that are primarily driven by changes in the debt and equity markets as well as those that are predominantly legacy in nature and related to employees who are no longer providing current service to the company (e.g. retirees and ex-employees). These elements include (i) interest cost, (ii) expected return on plan assets, (iii) amortization of prior plan amendments, (iv) amortized actuarial gains/losses and (v) the impacts of any plan settlements/curtailments. Accordingly, we consider these elements of our periodic retirement plan costs to be outside the operational performance of the business or legacy costs and not necessarily indicative of current or future cash flow requirements. This approach is consistent with the classification of these costs as non-operating in other expenses, net. Adjusted earnings will continue to include the service cost elements of our retirement costs, which is related to current employee service as well as the cost of our defined contribution plans.
- Other discrete, unusual or infrequent items: We excluded the following items given their discrete, unusual or infrequent nature and their impact on our results for the period.
 - · Contract termination costs IT services.
 - Impacts associated with the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act") enacted in December 2017.

We believe the exclusion of these items allows investors to better understand and analyze the results for the period as compared to prior periods and expected future trends in our business



Non-GAAP Financial Measures (cont'd)

Adjusted Operating Income/Margin

We calculate and utilize adjusted operating income and margin measures by adjusting our reported pre-tax income and margin amounts. In addition to the costs and expenses noted as adjustments for our Adjusted Earnings measures, adjusted operating income and margin also exclude the remaining amounts included in Other expenses, net, which are primarily non-financing interest expense and certain other non-operating costs and expenses. We exclude these amounts in order to evaluate our current and past operating performance and to better understand the expected future trends in our business.

Constant Currency

To better understand trends in our business, we believe that it is helpful to adjust revenue to exclude the impact of changes in the translation of foreign currencies into U.S. dollars. We refer to this adjusted revenue as "constant currency." This impact is calculated by translating current period activity in local currency using the comparable prior year period's currency translation rate. This impact is calculated for all countries where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar. Management believes the constant currency measure provides investors an additional perspective on revenue trends. Currency impact can be determined as the difference between actual growth rates and constant currency growth rates.

Free Cash Flow

To better understand trends in our business, we believe that it is helpful to adjust operating cash flows by subtracting amounts related to capital expenditures. Management believes this measure gives investors an additional perspective on cash flow from operating activities in excess of amounts required for reinvestment. It provides a measure of our ability to fund acquisitions, dividends and share repurchase.

Summary:

Management believes that all of these non-GAAP financial measures provide an additional means of analyzing the current period's results against the corresponding prior period's results. However, these non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the company's reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures and should be read only in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our management regularly uses our supplemental non-GAAP financial measures internally to understand, manage and evaluate our business and make operating decisions. These non-GAAP measures are among the primary factors management uses in planning for and forecasting future periods. Compensation of our executives is based in part on the performance of our business based on these non-GAAP measures.

A reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures and the most directly comparable measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP are set forth on the following tables:



Net Income and EPS reconciliation

Year Ended Three Months Ended December 31. December 31. 2019 2018 2019 2018 Net Net Net Net **EPS EPS EPS EPS** (in millions, except per share amounts) Income Income Income Income Reported⁽¹⁾ \$ 266 \$ 1.17 \$ 91 \$ 0.37 \$ 648 \$ 2.78 \$ 306 \$ 1.16 Adjustments: 67 Restructuring and related costs 53 229 157 Amortization of intangible assets 10 12 45 48 Transaction and related costs. net 12 68 4 (3)67 Non-service retirement-related costs 18 150 Contract termination costs - IT services (4)43 (12)43 Income tax on adjustments(2) (22)(48)(77)(116)Tax Act (4)(6)(35)89 745 \$ Adjusted 300 \$ 1.33 \$ 231 \$ 0.94 \$ 828 \$ 3.55 \$ 2.88 Dividends on preferred stock used in adjusted EPS calculation(3) Weighted average shares for adjusted 227 246 233 258 EPS(3) Fully diluted shares at end of period⁽⁴⁾ 224

⁽⁴⁾ Represents common shares outstanding at December 31, 2019 as well as shares associated with our Series A convertible preferred stock plus potential dilutive common shares as used for the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the fourth quarter 2019.



⁽¹⁾ Net income and EPS from continuing operations attributable to Xerox Holdings.

⁽²⁾ Refer to Effective Tax Rate reconciliation.

For those periods that exclude the preferred stock dividend, the average shares for the calculations of diluted EPS include 7 million shares associated with our Series A convertible preferred stock, as applicable.

Effective Tax Rate reconciliation

		Three Months Ended December 31, 2019							onths En ber 31, 20		 De		r Ended er 31, 20	019	Year Ended December 31, 2018						
_(in millions)	Pre-Tax (Loss) Income		Tax (Benefit) Expense		Effective Tax Rate	Pre-Tax Income		Income Tax (Benefit) Expense		Effective Tax Rate	re-Tax icome	•	come Tax pense	Effective Tax Rate		e-Tax come	Income Tax Expense		Effective Tax Rate		
Reported ⁽¹⁾	\$	336	\$	73	21.7%	\$	124	\$	34	27.4%	\$ 822	\$	179	21.8%	\$	549	\$	247	45.0%		
Non-GAAP Adjustments ⁽²⁾		60		22			194		48		292		77			466		116			
US Tax ACT		- 4				-		6		 -	35				-		(89)				
Adjusted ⁽³⁾	\$	396	\$	99	25.0%	\$	318	\$	88	27.7%	\$ 1,114	\$	291	26.1%	\$	1,015	\$	274	27.0%		



⁽¹⁾ Pre-Tax Income and Income Tax from continuing operations.

⁽²⁾ Refer to Net Income and EPS reconciliations for details.

⁽³⁾ The tax impact on the Adjusted Pre-Tax Income from continuing operations is calculated under the same accounting principles applied to the As Reported Pre-Tax Income under ASC 740, which employs an annual effective tax rate method to the results.

Operating Income / Margin reconciliation

		e Months En cember 31, 20			ee Months E cember 31, 2		De	Year Ended cember 31, 2		Year Ended December 31, 2018						
(in millions)	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	<u>Margin</u>	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin				
Reported (1)	\$ 336	\$ 2,444	13.7%	\$ 124	\$ 2,498	5.0%	\$ 822	\$ 9,066	9.1%	\$ 549	\$ 9,662	5.7%				
Restructuring and related costs	53			67			229			157						
Amortization of intangible assets	10			12			45			48						
Transaction and related costs, net	4			5			12			68						
Other expenses, net	8			144			84			271						
Adjusted	\$ 411	\$ 2,444	16.8%	\$ 352	\$ 2,498	14.1%	\$ 1,192	\$ 9,066	13.1%	\$ 1,093	\$ 9,662	11.3%				



⁽¹⁾ Pre-Tax Income and revenue from continuing operations.

Free Cash Flow reconciliation

	Three Month December			Year Er Decembe		
(in millions)	2019	2018	Change	2019	2018	Change
Reported ⁽¹⁾	\$ 398	\$ 384	\$ 14	\$ 1,244	\$ 1,082	\$ 162
Capital expenditures	(17)	(17)	-	(65)	(90)	25
Free Cash Flow	\$ 381	\$ 367	\$ 14	\$ 1,179	\$ 992	\$ 187

⁽¹⁾ Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations.



Operating Income / Margin – Guidance

			FY 2020	
(in millions)	Pro	ofit	Revenue ⁽²⁾	Margin
Estimated ⁽¹⁾	\$	845 \$	8,625	~ 10%
Adjustments:				
Restructuring and related costs		175		
Amortization of intangible assets		35		
Non-service retirement-related costs		35		
Other expenses, net		40		
Adjusted	\$	1,130 \$	8,625	~ 13%

⁽¹⁾ Pre-Tax Income and revenue from continuing operations.



Full year 2020 revenue reflects an estimated revenue decline at actual currency of approximately 4.9% from FY 2019, or a decline of approximately 4% excluding the impact of the upfront OEM license fee of \$77M in 2019. Impact from translation currency is de minimis.

Net Income and EPS – Guidance

		FY 2	2020
(in millions, except per share amounts)	Net I	ncome	EPS
Estimated ⁽¹⁾	\$	625	~ \$2.80 - \$2.90
Adjustments:			
Restructuring and related costs		175	
Amortization of intangible assets		35	
Non-service retirement-related costs		35	
Income tax on adjustments		(70)	
Adjusted	\$	800	~ \$3.60 - \$3.70
Estimated Full Year 2020 weighted average shares for GAAP and adjusted EPS		220	

⁽¹⁾ Net Income and EPS from continuing operations attributable to Xerox Holdings.



Free Cash Flow – Guidance

(in millions)	FY 2020
Operating Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	~ \$1,300
Less: capital expenditures	(100)
Free Cash Flow	~ \$1,200



⁽¹⁾Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations.

Net Income and EPS reconciliation – historical

	Decen	ar Ended nber 31, 2017		21-18		22-18		Q3-18	l		Q4-18	3	Dece		ded 1, 2018		Q1-1	9		2-19			Q3-19	
(in millions, except per share amounts)	Ne Inco		Net Incom	e EPS	Net Incom	e EPS	N Inco	et ome	EPS	Ne Inco		EPS	Inco	et ome	EPS	Net Incor		EPS	Net Income	9	EPS	Ne: Incor		EPS
Reported (1)	\$	142 \$ 0.50	\$	88 \$ 0.33	\$	88 \$ 0.33	\$	39	\$ 0.14	\$	91	\$ 0.37	\$	306	\$ 1.16	\$	84	\$ 0.34	\$	141	\$ 0.60	\$	157	\$ 0.68
Restructuring and related costs		216		28		33		29			67			157			112			37			27	
Amortization of intangible assets		53		12		12		12			12			48			15			11			9	
Transaction and related costs, net		9		38		58		(33)			5			68			-			4			4	
Non-service retirement-related costs		188		25		25		33			67			150			13			10			(2)	
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		20		-		-		-			-			-			-			-			-	
Contract termination costs - IT services		-		-		-		-			43			43			-			-			(8)	
Income tax on adjustments	((260)		(26)	((32)		(10)			(48)			(116)			(31)			(17)			(7)	
US Tax Act		400		-		-		95			(6)			89			(35)			-			4	
Remeasurement of unrecognized tax positions		(16)				-		-									-			-				
Adjusted	\$	752 \$ 2.86	_\$	165 \$ 0.62	\$	184 \$ 0.69	<u> </u>	165	\$ 0.64	_\$	231	\$ 0.94	_\$	745	\$ 2.88	\$	158	\$ 0.66	\$	186	\$ 0.79	\$	184	\$ 0.80
Dividends on preferred stock used in adjusted EPS calculation ⁽²⁾		\$ -		\$ -		\$	-		\$ -			\$ -			\$ -			\$ -			\$ -			\$ -
Weighted average shares for adjusted EPS (2)		263		264		265	5		261			246			258			240			235			231



⁽¹⁾ Net Income and EPS from continuing operations attributable to Xerox Holdings.
(2) For those periods that exclude the preferred stock dividend the average shares for the calculations of diluted EPS include 7 million shares associated with our Series A convertible preferred stock, as applicable.

Operating Income / Margin reconciliation – historical

		December 31, 2017			Q1-18			Q2-18			Q3-18			Q4-18		December 31, 2018			018 Q1-19			Q2-19					Q3-19		
(in millions)	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenu	e Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Pro	ofit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	e Margin	
00																						•							
Reported (1)	\$ 525	\$ 9,991	5.3%	\$ 126	\$2,381	5.3%	\$ 122	\$2,469	4.9%	\$ 177	7 \$2,314	7.6%	\$ 124	\$ 2,498	5.0%	\$ 549	9 \$ 9,662	5.7%	\$ 73	\$2,180	3.3%	\$	190	\$ 2,263	8.4%	\$ 223	\$ 2,179	79 10.2%	
Adjustments:																												,	
Restructuring and related costs	216			28			33			29	,		67			157			112				37			27		ŗ	
Amortization of intangible assets	53			12			12			12	4		12			48	į		15				11			9		,	
Transaction and related costs, net	9			38			58			(33)	رد (د		5			68	į		-				4			4		ŀ	
Other expenses, net	330			30			40			57			144			271			39				38			(1))	Į.	
Adjusted	\$1,133	\$ 9,991	11.3%	\$ 234	\$2,381	9.8%	\$ 265	\$2,469	10.7%	\$ 242	2 \$2,314	10.5%	\$ 352	\$ 2,498	14.1%	\$1,093	3 \$ 9,662	11.3%	\$ 239	\$2,180	11.0%	\$	280	\$ 2,263	12.4%	\$ 262	\$ 2,179	9 12.0%	

Year Ended

Year Ended



⁽¹⁾ Pre-Tax Income and revenue from continuing operations.

Free Cash Flow reconciliation – historical

	Decem	Year Ended ecember 31, 2017		Q1-18		Q2-18		Q3-18		Q4-18		Year Ended December 31, 2018	Q1-19	 Q2-19	Q3-19		
(in millions, except per share amounts)																	
Reported (1)	\$	(244)	\$	210	\$	229	\$	259	\$	384	\$	1,082	\$ 223	\$ 275	\$	348	
Incremental Voluntary contributions to U.S.																	
defined benefit pension plans		500		-		-		-		-		-	-				
Collections on beneficial interests received in sales of receivables		234		-		-		-		-		-	_				
Elimination of certain accounts receivables																	
sales programs		350		-		-		-		-		-	-				
Restricted cash - classification change ⁽²⁾		67									_		-				
Operating Cash Flows from Continuing																	
Operations - Adjusted	\$	907	\$	210	\$	229	\$	259	\$	384	\$	1,082	\$ 223	\$ 275	\$	348	
Capital expenditures		(105)		(18)		(32)		(23)		(17)		(90)	(15)	(16)		(17)	
Free Cash Flow from Continuing														_			
Operations	\$	802	\$	192	\$	197	\$	236	\$	367	\$	992	\$ 208	\$ 259	\$	331	
							_				_		 	 			



⁽¹⁾ Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities from continuing operations.

⁽²⁾ Per ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows - Restricted Cash, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be included with Cash and cash equivalents when reconciling beginning and end-of-period amounts per the Statement of Cash Flows.

