SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (date of earliest event reported): July 22, 2010

XEROX CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-04471 (Commission File Number)

16-0468020 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

P. O. Box 4505 45 Glover Avenue Norwalk, Connecticut 06856-4505

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (203) 968-3000

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

| ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the wing provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below): |
|--|
| Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425) |
| Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12) |
| Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)) |
| Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c)) |

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On July 22, 2010, Registrant released its second quarter 2010 earnings and is furnishing to the Securities and Exchange Commission a copy of the earnings press release as Exhibit 99.1 to this Report under Item 2.02 of Form 8-K.

Exhibit 99.1 to this Report contains certain financial measures that are considered "non-GAAP financial measures" as defined in the SEC rules. Exhibit 99.1 to this Report also contains the reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as well as the reasons why Registrant's management believes that presentation of the non-GAAP financial measures provides useful information to investors regarding Registrant's results of operations and, to the extent material, a statement disclosing any other additional purposes for which Registrant's management uses the non-GAAP financial measures.

The information contained in Item 2.02 of this Report and in Exhibit 99.1 to this Report shall not be deemed "filed" with the Commission for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No. Description

99 1

Registrant's second quarter 2010 earnings press release dated July 22, 2010.

Forward Looking Statements

This Current Report on Form 8-K and any exhibits to this Current Report may contain "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "will," "should" and similar expressions, as they relate to us, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's current beliefs, assumptions and expectations and are subject to a number of factors that may cause actual results to differ materially. These factors include but are not limited to the unprecedented volatility in the global economy; the risk that unexpected costs will be incurred; the outcome of litigation and regulatory proceedings to which we may be a party; actions of competitors; changes and developments affecting our industry; quarterly or cyclical variations in financial results; development of new products and services; interest rates and cost of borrowing; our ability to protect our intellectual property rights; our ability to maintain and improve cost efficiency of operations, including savings from restructuring actions; changes in foreign currency exchange rates; changes in economic conditions, political conditions, trade protection measures, licensing requirements and tax matters in the foreign countries in which we do business; reliance on third parties for manufacturing of products and provision of services; the risk that we will not realize all of the anticipated benefits from the acquisition of Affiliated Computer Services, Inc.; our ability to recover capital investments; the risk that subcontractors, software vendors and utility and network providers will not perform in a timely, quality manner; the risk that multi-year contracts with governmental entities could be terminated prior to the end of the contract term; the risk that individually identifiable information of customers, clients and employees could be inadvertently disclosed or disclosed as a result of a breach of our security; and other factors that are set forth in the "Risk Factors" section, the "Legal Proceedings" section, the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section and other sections of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the guarter ended March 31, 2010 as well as in our 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events or developments, except as required by law.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Registrant has duly authorized this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned duly authorized.

Date: July 22, 2010

XEROX CORPORATION

/s/ Gary R. Kabureck By: _

Gary R. Kabureck
Vice President and Chief Accounting
Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 Registrant's second quarter 2010 earnings press release dated July 22, 2010

News from Xerox

xerox 🔊

For Immediate Release

Xerox Corporation 45 Glover Avenue P.O. Box 4505 Norwalk, CT 06856-4505

tel +1-203-968-3000

Xerox Reports Second-Quarter 2010 Earnings; Increases Full-Year Guidance

- GAAP EPS of 16 cents: adjusted EPS of 24 cents
- Total revenue up 48 percent as reported, up 2 percent pro forma
- Operating margin of 10.1 percent, up nearly one point pro forma
- \$1.1 billion first-half 2010 operating cash flow; expect to deliver \$2.6 billion full year

NORWALK, Conn., July 22, 2010 – Xerox Corporation (NYSE: XRX) announced today second-quarter 2010 results that include adjusted earnings per share of 24 cents and \$678 million in operating cash flow. Adjusted EPS excludes 8 cents from restructuring charges and amortization of intangibles as well as acquisition-related and litigation costs, resulting in GAAP EPS of 16 cents.

"Our second-quarter results reflect strong across-the-board performance in driving revenue growth, generating cash and expanding earnings," said Ursula Burns, Xerox chairman and chief executive officer. "Through the first half of the year, we've made excellent progress in scaling our services business and strengthening our leadership in the marketplace. We expect this progress will continue, positioning us well to increase our earnings expectations for the full year."

Second-quarter revenue of \$5.5 billion was up 48 percent including a 1 point negative impact from currency. On a pro-forma basis, with ACS in the company's 2009 results, total revenue grew 2 percent or 3 percent in constant currency. Revenue from technology, which represents the sale of document systems as well as the supplies, technical service and financing of products, was up 3 percent or 4 percent in constant currency. Total install activity for Xerox equipment was up 45 percent reflecting strong demand across all segments including a 56 percent increase in entry-level printers and multifunction devices. Revenue from services was up 1 percent on a pro-forma basis, and represents the company's business process. IT and document outsourcing offerings.

"We're seeing consistent trends in the marketplace that indicate the benefit of our broad product line and expanded services as well as modest economic improvements," added Burns. "Demand continues to improve for Xerox technology, especially in developing markets and from small and mid-sized businesses. With annuity revenue representing 83 percent of total revenue and signings for Xerox services up 12 percent, our business is strengthened by multi-year contracts for business process and document management."

In February, Xerox closed on its acquisition of business process and IT outsourcing firm, Affiliated Computer Services (ACS). The resulting joint sales activities between Xerox and ACS as well as increased interest in the company's diverse portfolio of outsourcing offerings led to a significant second-quarter increase in the pipeline for services contracts.

Second-quarter gross margin was 34.8 percent, and selling, administrative and general expenses were 21.1 percent of revenue. On a pro-forma basis, operating margin of 10.1 percent was up nearly one point, driven by improvements in both gross margin and SAG as a percent of revenue.



The \$678 million in second-quarter operating cash flow contributed to \$1.1 billion in cash flow for the first half of the year. The company reiterated its expectations to deliver \$2.6 billion in operating cash for the full year.

For the third quarter, Xerox expects GAAP earnings in the range of 14 to 16 cents per share. Third-quarter adjusted EPS is expected to be 19 to 21 cents per share. Full-year GAAP earnings are expected to be 47 to 51 cents per share. Full-year adjusted EPS is expected to be 88 to 92 cents, an increase from the company's previous guidance of 75 to 85 cents per share.

About Xerox

Xerox Corporation is a \$22 billion leading global enterprise for business process and <u>document management</u>. Through its broad portfolio of technology and <u>services</u>, Xerox provides the essential back-office support that clears the way for clients to focus on what they do best: their <u>real business</u>. Headquartered in Norwalk, Conn., Xerox provides leading-edge <u>document technology</u>, services, software and <u>genuine Xerox supplies</u> for <u>graphic communication</u> and <u>office printing environments</u> of any size. Through ACS, A Xerox Company, which Xerox acquired in February 2010, Xerox also offers extensive <u>business process outsourcing</u> and <u>IT outsourcing services</u>, including data processing, HR benefits management, finance support and customer relationship management services for commercial and government organizations worldwide. The 130,000 people of Xerox serve clients in more than 160 countries. For more information, visit http://www.xerox.com or http://www.xerox.c

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Media Contact:

Carl Langsenkamp, Xerox Corporation, +1-585-423-5782, carl.langsenkamp@xerox.com

Non GAAP Measures: This release refers to the following non-GAAP financial measures:

- Adjusted EPS (earnings per share) for the second quarter and for third quarter and full year 2010 guidance that excludes several discrete items.
- Pro-forma current period revenue and operating margin, with ACS included in the company's 2009 result for the comparable 2010 period.
- · Constant Currency revenue growth that excludes the effects of currency translation.

Refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section of this release for a discussion of these non-GAAP measures and their reconciliation to the reported GAAP measure.



This release contains "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "will," "should" and similar expressions, as they relate to us, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's current beliefs, assumptions and expectations and are subject to a number of factors that may cause actual results to differ materially. These factors include but are not limited to: the unprecedented volatility in the global economy; the risk that unexpected costs will be incurred; the outcome of litigation and regulatory proceedings to which we may be a party; actions of competitors; changes and developments affecting our industry; quarterly or cyclical variations in financial results; development of new products and services; interest rates and cost of borrowing; our ability to protect our intellectual property rights; our ability to maintain and improve cost efficiency of operations, including savings from restructuring actions; changes in foreign currency exchange rates; changes in economic conditions, political conditions, trade protection measures, licensing requirements and tax matters in the foreign countries in which we do business; reliance on third parties for manufacturing of products and provision of services; the risk that we will not realize all of the anticipated benefits from the acquisition of Affiliated Computer Services, Inc.; our ability to recover capital investments; the risk that subcontractors, software vendors and utility and network providers will not perform in a timely, quality manner; the risk that multi-year contracts with governmental entities could be terminated prior to the end of the contract term; the risk that individually identifiable information of customers, clients and employees could be inadvertently disclosed or disclosed as a result of a breach of our security; and other factors that are set forth in the "Risk Factors" section, the "Legal Proceedings" section, the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section and other sections of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 and our 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events or developments, except as required by law.

For open commentary, industry perspectives and views from events visit http://twitter.com/xeroxcorp, <a h

Xerox® and the sphere of connectivity design are trademarks of Xerox Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

Xerox Corporation Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

| | Three Mor | nths Ended e 30. | | Six Month June | | |
|---|-----------|---------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|----------|
| (in millions, except per-share data) | 2010 | 2009 | % Change | 2010 | 2009 | % Change |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Sales | \$ 1,791 | \$ 1,602 | 12% | \$ 3,469 | \$ 3,096 | 12% |
| Service, outsourcing and rentals | 3,553 | 1,951 | 82% | 6,423 | 3,831 | 68% |
| Finance income | 164 | <u> 178</u> | (8%) | 337 | 358 | (6%) |
| Total Revenues | 5,508 | 3,731 | 48% | 10,229 | 7,285 | 40% |
| Costs and Expenses | | | | | | |
| Cost of sales | 1,172 | 1,065 | 10% | 2,254 | 2,069 | 9% |
| Cost of service, outsourcing and rentals | 2,359 | 1,100 | * | 4,230 | 2,200 | 92% |
| Equipment financing interest | 61 | 68 | (10%) | 125 | 137 | (9%) |
| Research, development and engineering expenses | 194 | 202 | (4%) | 399 | 406 | (2%) |
| Selling, administrative and general expenses | 1,163 | 1,013 | 15% | 2,262 | 2,017 | 12% |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | 11 | (1) | * | 206 | (3) | * |
| Acquisition-related costs | 15 | _ | * | 63 | _ | * |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 85 | 15 | * | 142 | 29 | * |
| Other expenses, net | 128 | 72 | 78% | 238 | 155 | 54% |
| Total Costs and Expenses | 5,188 | 3,534 | 47% | 9,919 | 7,010 | 41% |
| Income before Income Taxes & Equity Income ⁽¹⁾ | 320 | 197 | 62% | 310 | 275 | 13% |
| Income tax expense | 112 | 59 | 90% | 134 | 78 | 72% |
| Equity in net income (loss) of unconsolidated affiliates | 28 | 9 | * | 26 | (1) | * |
| Net Income | 236 | 147 | 61% | 202 | 196 | 3% |
| Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 9 | 7 | 29% | 17 | 14 | 21% |
| Net Income Attributable to Xerox | \$ 227 | \$ 140 | 62% | \$ 185 | \$ 182 | 2% |
| Basic Earnings per Share | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.16 | _ | \$ 0.14 | \$ 0.21 | (33%) |
| Diluted Earnings per Share | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.16 | _ | \$ 0.14 | \$ 0.21 | (33%) |

Percent change not meaningful.
Referred to as "Pre-Tax Income" throughout the remainder of this document.

Xerox Corporation Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

| (in millions, except share data in thousands) | June 30, | December 31, 2009 |
|--|--------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,082 | \$ 3,799 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 2,974 | 1,702 |
| Billed portion of finance receivables, net | 210 | 226 |
| Finance receivables, net | 2,183 | 2,396 |
| Inventories | 1,026 | 900 |
| Other current assets | 1,023 | 708 |
| Total current assets | 8,498 | 9,731 |
| Finance receivables due after one year, net | 3,999 | 4,405 |
| Equipment on operating leases, net | 504 | 551 |
| Land, buildings and equipment, net | 1,622 | 1,309 |
| Investments in affiliates, at equity | 1,150 | 1,056 |
| Intangible assets, net | 3,495 | 598 |
| Goodwill | 8,446 | 3,422 |
| Deferred tax assets, long-term | 635 | 1,640 |
| Other long-term assets | 1,665 | 1,320 |
| Total Assets | \$ 30,014 | \$ 24,032 |
| Liabilities and Equity | | |
| Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt | \$ 358 | \$ 988 |
| Accounts payable | 1,670 | 1,451 |
| Accrued compensation and benefits costs | 830 | 695 |
| Other current liabilities | 1,834 | 1,327 |
| Total current liabilities | 4,692 | 4,461 |
| Long-term debt | 9,259 | 8,276 |
| Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities | 649 | 649 |
| Pension and other benefit liabilities | 2,023 | 1,884 |
| Post-retirement medical benefits | 970 | 999 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 737 | 572 |
| Total Liabilities | 18,330 | 16,841 |
| Total Elabilities | | 10,041 |
| Series A Convertible Preferred Stock | 349 | |
| Common stock | 1,384 | 871 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 6,475 | 2,493 |
| Retained earnings | 5,729 | 5,674 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (2,403) | (1,988) |
| Xerox Shareholders' Equity | 11,185 | 7,050 |
| Noncontrolling interests | 150 | 141 |
| Total Equity Total Equity | 11,335 | 7,191 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | \$ 30,014 | \$ 24,032 |
| Shares of common stock issued and outstanding | 1,383,047 | 869,381 |

Xerox Corporation Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Month June | | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------|--|
| (in millions) | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | |
| Net income | \$ 236 | \$ 147 | \$ 202 | \$ 196 | |
| Adjustments required to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 279 | 168 | 520 | 337 | |
| Provision for receivables | 43 | 78 | 93 | 146 | |
| Provision for inventory | 8 | 13 | 17 | 29 | |
| Net loss (gain) on sales of businesses and assets | 1 | (7) | (1) | (9) | |
| Undistributed equity in net (income) loss of unconsolidated affiliates | (12) | (4) | (9) | 6 | |
| Stock-based compensation | 30 | 14 | 57 | 31 | |
| Provision for litigation, net | 36 | _ | 36 | _ | |
| Payments for litigation, net | (36) | _ | (36) | (28) | |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | 11 | (1) | 206 | (3) | |
| Payments for restructurings | (55) | (78) | (94) | (165) | |
| Contributions to pension benefit plans | (30) | (31) | (63) | (59) | |
| Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and billed portion of finance receivables | 62 | 138 | (135) | 305 | |
| Collections of deferred proceeds from sales of receivables | 42 | _ | 42 | _ | |
| (Increase) decrease in inventories | (61) | 187 | (198) | 82 | |
| Increase in equipment on operating leases | (64) | (64) | (122) | (127) | |
| Decrease in finance receivables | 70 | 118 | 201 | 231 | |
| (Increase) decrease in other current and long-term assets | (8) | 27 | 13 | 44 | |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued compensation | 18 | (105) | 187 | (273) | |
| Decrease in other current and long-term liabilities | (12) | (35) | (66) | (138) | |
| Net change in income tax assets and liabilities | 110 | 32 | 107 | 34 | |
| Net change in derivative assets and liabilities | (22) | (28) | (4) | (68) | |
| Other operating, net | 32 | 40 | 100 | 60 | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 678 | 609 | 1,053 | 631 | |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | | | |
| Cost of additions to land, buildings and equipment | (83) | (11) | (134) | (48) | |
| Proceeds from sales of land, buildings and equipment | ` 6 [°] | ` 6 [°] | 25 | 9 | |
| Cost of additions to internal use software | (44) | (28) | (69) | (56) | |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired | (4) | <u>`</u> | (1,528) | (145) | |
| Net change in escrow and other restricted investments | (9) | (3) | 6 | (3) | |
| Other investing | 4 | | 4 | | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (130) | (36) | (1,696) | (243) | |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | | | | | |
| Net proceeds (payments) on secured financings | 1 | (15) | (3) | (40) | |
| Net (payments) proceeds on other debt | (396) | 151 | (2,035) | (266) | |
| Common stock dividends | (60) | (38) | (97) | (75) | |
| Preferred stock dividends | (3) | _ | (3) | | |
| Proceeds from issuances of common stock | 2 | _ | 117 | _ | |
| Repurchases related to stock-based compensation | (2) | (11) | (2) | (11) | |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation | 6 | | 10 | | |
| Other financing | (5) | (5) | (9) | (8) | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | (457) | 82 | (2,022) | (400) | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (19) | 17 | (52) | 4 | |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 72 | 672 | (2,717) | (8) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 1,010 | 549 | 3,799 | 1,229 | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period | \$ 1,082 | \$ 1,221 | \$ 1,082 | \$ 1,221 | |

Financial Review Summary Revenues

| Three Months Ended | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------|----------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | June 30, | | Pro-forma ⁽³⁾ | Percent of Tot | |
| (in millions) | 2010 | 2009 | % Change | % Change | 2010 | 2009 |
| Revenue Category | | | | | | |
| Equipment sales | \$ 930 | \$ 828 | 12% | 12% | 17% | 22% |
| Supplies, paper and other | <u>861</u> | 774 | 11% | 7% | <u>16</u> % | <u>21</u> % |
| Sales | _ 1,791 | 1,602 | 12% | 9% | 33% | <u>43</u> % |
| Service, outsourcing and rentals | 3,553 | 1,951 | 82% | (1%) | 64% | 52% |
| Finance income | 164 | 178 | (8%) | (8%) | <u>3</u> % | <u> </u> |
| Total Revenues | <u>\$ 5,508</u> | \$ 3,731 | 48% | 2% | 100% | 100% |
| Segment | | | | | | |
| Technology | \$ 2,555 | \$ 2,476 | 3% | 3% | 46% | 66% |
| Services | 2,529 | 850 | 198% | 1% | 46% | 23% |
| Other | 424 | 405 | 5% | 5% | 8% | <u>11</u> % |
| Total Revenues | \$ 5,508 | \$ 3,731 | 48% | 2% | 100% | 100% |
| Memo: | | | | | | |
| Annuity Revenue ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 4,578 | \$ 2,903 | 58% | _ | 83% | 78% |
| Color ⁽²⁾ | \$ 1,567 | \$ 1,456 | 8% | 8% | | |

Second quarter 2010 total revenues increased 48% compared to the second quarter 2009. Our consolidated 2010 results include the results of Affiliated Computer Services, Inc. ("ACS"). On a pro-forma³ basis, second quarter 2010 total revenue grew 2%. Currency had a 1-percentage point negative impact on total revenues in the quarter. Total revenues included the following:

- 58% increase in annuity revenue¹, or flat on a pro-forma³ basis. This included a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency. The components of annuity revenue were as follows:
 - Service, outsourcing and rentals revenue of \$3,553 million increased 82% and decreased 1% on a pro-forma³ basis, with a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency. Growth in Business Process Outsourcing revenue partially offset the declines in technical service revenue driven by a continued but moderating decline in pages. Total digital pages declined 4% while color pages increased 9%.
 - Supplies, paper and other sales of \$861 million increased 11% or 7% on a pro-forma³ basis, with a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency. This growth was driven by supplies purchases in developing markets and by our OEM partners.
- 12% increase in equipment sales revenue, including a 2-percentage point negative impact from currency. Growth in install activity was partially offset by the impact of product mix and price declines of 5% to 10%.
- 8% increase in color revenue², including a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency, reflects:
 - 5% increase in color annuity revenue, including a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency. The increase was driven by higher color page volumes.
 - 15% increase in color equipment sales revenue, including a 3-percentage point negative impact from currency. The increase was driven by higher installs from new products.

Net Income

Second quarter 2010 net income attributable to Xerox was \$227 million, or \$0.16 per diluted share. On an adjusted basis, net income attributable to Xerox was \$342 million, or \$0.24 per diluted share.

Second quarter 2009 net income attributable to Xerox was \$140 million, or \$0.16 per diluted share. On a comparable adjusted basis, net income attributable to Xerox was \$158 million, or \$0.18 per diluted share.

The adjustments to net income include:

| | T | hree Mont June 30, | , 2010 | | hree Montl June 30, | 2009 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|---------|-----|------------------------|---------|
| (in millions; except per share amounts) | Net | Income | _EPS_ | Net | Income | EPS |
| Reported | \$ | 227 | \$ 0.16 | \$ | 140 | \$ 0.16 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | |
| Xerox and Fuji Xerox restructuring charge | | 12 | 0.01 | | 9 | 0.01 |
| Acquisition-related costs | | 14 | 0.01 | | _ | _ |
| Amortization of intangible assets | | 53 | 0.04 | | 9 | 0.01 |
| ACS shareholders litigation settlement | | 36 | 0.02 | | | |
| | | 115 | 0.08 | | 18 | 0.02 |
| Adjusted | \$ | 342 | \$ 0.24 | \$ | 158 | \$ 0.18 |

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are included as Appendix I. See Non-GAAP financial measures for calculation of adjusted EPS.

Notes for Financial Review:

Annuity revenue is largely a function of the equipment placed at customer locations, the volume of prints and copies that our customers make on that equipment, the mix of color pages,

as well as revenue associated from outsourcing services. Annuity revenue = Service, outsourcing and rentals + Supplies, paper and other sales + Finance income.

Color revenues represent a subset of total revenues and exclude Global Imaging Systems ("GIS") revenues.

Growth on a pro-forma basis reflects the inclusion of ACS's adjusted results from April 1st through June 30th in 2009. See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for an explanation of these non-GAAP financial measures.

Operations Review

| | Thre | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Total | Segment | Segment | | |
| (in millions) | Revenues | Profit (Loss) | <u>Margin</u> | | |
| 2010 | | | | | |
| Technology | \$ 2,555 | \$ 273 | 10.7% | | |
| Services | 2,529 | 319 | 12.6% | | |
| Other | 424 | (93) | (21.9%) | | |
| Total | \$ 5,508 | \$ 499 | 9.1% | | |
| 2009 | | | | | |
| Technology | \$ 2,476 | \$ 248 | 10.0% | | |
| Services | 850 | 61 | 7.2% | | |
| Other | 405 | (80) | (19.8%) | | |
| Total | <u>\$ 3,731</u> | \$ 229 | 6.1% | | |
| 2009 Pro-forma ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Technology | \$ 2,476 | \$ 248 | 10.0% | | |
| Services | 2,510 | 282 | 11.2% | | |
| Other | 405 | (111) | (27.4%) | | |
| Total | \$ 5,391 | \$ 419 | 7.8% | | |

Refer to Appendix II for the reconciliation of Segment Profit to Pre-tax Income.

Technology

Our Technology segment includes the sale of document systems and supplies, provision of technical service and financing of products.

Revenue

| | Thre | Months Ende | ed |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | June 30, | |
| (in millions) | | 2009 | 9 <u>Change</u> |
| Equipment sales | \$ 83 | .6 \$ 7 | '38 11% |
| Post sale revenue ⁽²⁾ | 1,73 | <u>1,7</u> | <u>'38</u> — |
| Total Revenue | \$ 2,5 | <u>\$ 2,4</u> | 176 3% |

Second quarter 2010 Technology revenue of \$2,555 million increased 3%, including a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency. Total revenues included the following:

- 11% increase in equipment sales revenue with a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency driven by growth across most regions, with particularly strong growth in developing markets.
- Post sale revenue was flat with a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency driven primarily by growth in supplies in developing markets and sales to our OEM partners.
- Technology revenue mix is 22% entry, 57% mid-range and 21% high-end.

Segment Profit

Second quarter 2010 Technology profit of \$273 million increased \$25 million from second quarter 2009, predominantly reflecting gross profit flow-through from higher revenue.

Installs

<u>Entry</u>

- 78% increase in installs of A4 black-and-white multifunction devices driven by growth in developing markets.
- 44% increase in installs of A4 color multifunction devices driven by strong growth across all regions.
- 16% increase in installs of color printers due to higher sales to OEM partners.

Mid-Range

- 4% decrease in installs of mid-range black-and-white devices driven by lower demand in large enterprises and indirect channels.
- 26% increase in installs of mid-range color devices driven primarily by demand for new products, such as the ColorQube[™], WorkCentre[®] 7120 / 7700 and the continued strong demand for the Xerox 700.

High-End

- 7% decrease in installs of high-end black-and-white systems, reflecting declines across most product segments.
- 24% increase in installs of high-end color systems reflecting strong demand for the recently launched Xerox Color 800 and 1000.

Note: Install activity percentages include installations for Document Outsourcing and the Xerox-branded product shipments to GIS. Descriptions of "Entry", "Mid-Range" and "High-End" can be found in Appendix II.

Services

Our Services segment comprises three service offerings: Business Process Outsourcing ("BPO"), Document Outsourcing ("DO") and Information Technology Outsourcing ("ITO").

<u>Revenue</u>

Second quarter 2010 Services total revenue of \$2,529 million increased 198% or 1% on a pro-forma¹ basis. Currency did not impact total revenues in the quarter.

- BPO delivered pro-forma¹ revenue growth of 3% and represented 53% of total Services revenue.
- Document outsourcing decreased 2% and included a 1-percentage point negative currency impact and represented 33% of total Services revenue.
- Information technology outsourcing decreased 1% on a pro-forma¹ basis and represented 14% of total Services revenue.

Segment Profit

Second quarter 2010 Services profit of \$319 million increased \$258 million, or \$37 million on a pro-forma¹ basis, from second quarter 2009 driven by BPO revenue growth and lower cost and expense driven by restructuring and synergy savings.

Metrics

Pipeline

Our BPO and ITO sales pipeline, including synergy opportunities, grew approximately 29% over the second quarter 2009. This sales pipeline includes the Total Contract Value ("TCV") of new business opportunities that potentially could be contracted within the next six months and excludes business opportunities with estimated annual recurring revenue in excess of \$100 million. The DO sales pipeline grew approximately 7% over the second quarter 2009. The DO sales pipeline includes all active deals with \$10 million or greater in TCV.

Signings

Signings ("Signings") are defined as estimated future revenues from contracts signed during the period, including renewals. Services Signings were strong with an estimated \$4.2 billion in TCV for the quarter. Combined with the previous three quarters; the trailing twelve month growth was 12% as compared to the comparable prior year period.

- BPO Signings of \$2.8 billion TCV
- DO Signings of \$0.9 billion TCV
- ITO Signings of \$0.5 billion TCV

Signings growth was driven by strong Signings in both our BPO and DO businesses. We signed significant new business in the following areas:

- Electronic payment cards
- · Telecom and hardware services
- Enterprise Print Services in both US and Europe

Note: TCV is estimated total revenue for future contracts for pipeline or signed contracts for Signings as applicable.

Other

Revenue

Second quarter 2010 Other revenue of \$424 million increased 5%, including a 1-percentage point negative impact from currency. This was driven by an increase in GIS's network integration and electronic presentation systems and higher paper and supplies sales. Paper comprised approximately 60% of the second quarter 2010 and 2009 Other segment revenue.

Segment Profit

Second quarter 2010 Other loss of \$93 million increased \$13 million from second quarter 2009, driven primarily by higher interest expense that offsets gross profit flow-through from higher revenue.

Costs, Expenses and Other Income

Gross Margin

| | | Three | Months Ended | |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| | | | June 30, | D ((1) |
| | 2010 | 2009 | Change | Pro-forma ⁽¹⁾ Change |
| Sales | 34.6% | 33.5% | 1.1 pts | 1.4 pts |
| Service, outsourcing and rentals | 33.6% | 43.6% | (10.0) pts | — pts |
| Financing income | 62.8% | 61.8% | 1.0 pts | 1.0 pts |
| Total Gross Margin | 34.8% | 40.2% | (5.4) pts | 0.4 pts |

Second quarter 2010 total gross margin of 34.8% decreased 5.4-percentage points and increased 0.4-percentage points on a pro-forma¹ basis as compared to the second quarter 2009 and included a 0.3-percentage point benefit from a duties refund as a result of a favorable settlement of a European import classification claim.

Sales gross margin increased 1.1-percentage points and increased 1.4-percentage points compared to the second quarter 2009 on a pro-forma¹ basis and included the benefit from the duties refund. The positive impact of cost improvements and favorable mix more than offset the impact of price declines and unfavorable year-over-year transaction currency.

Service, outsourcing and rentals margin decreased 10-percentage points and was flat compared to the second quarter 2009 on a pro-forma¹ basis. On a pro-forma basis, positive mix offset the impact of unfavorable year-over-year transaction currency.

Research, Development and Engineering Expenses ("RD&E")

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|----|-----------------------------|--|
| (in millions) | 2010 | 2009 | Change | | orma ⁽¹⁾ ange | |
| R&D | \$ 160 | \$ 172 | \$ (12) | \$ | (12) | |
| Sustaining Engineering | 34 | 30 | 4 | | 4 | |
| Total RD&E Expenses | \$ 194 | \$ 202 | \$ (8) | \$ | (8) | |
| RD&E % Revenue | 3.5% | 5.4% | (1.9) pts | | (0.2) pts | |

RD&E of \$194 million in the second quarter 2010 was \$8 million lower than the second quarter 2009 reflecting the benefits from restructuring and productivity improvements. We invest in technological research and development, particularly in color, software and services. We believe that our R&D spending is sufficient to remain technologically competitive. Xerox R&D is strategically coordinated with Fuji Xerox.

| | | | June 30, | |
|---------------|------|---------|-----------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Pro-forma ⁽¹⁾ |
| | 2010 | 2009 | Change | Change |
| SAG % Revenue | 21.1 | % 27.2% | (6.1) pts | (0.3) pts |

Three Months Ended

SAG expenses of \$1,163 million in the second quarter 2010 were \$150 million higher than the second quarter 2009 and \$9 million higher on a proforma basis, including a \$5 million favorable impact from currency. The pro-forma SAG expense increase reflects the following:

- \$58 million increase in selling expenses, reflecting increased demand generation advertising and higher commissions partially offset by the benefits from restructuring and productivity improvements.
- \$14 million decrease in general and administrative expenses, reflecting the benefits from restructuring and operational improvements.
- \$35 million decrease in bad debt expenses to \$46 million, reflecting an improving write-off trend. 2010 second quarter bad debt expense
 continues to remain less than one percent of receivables.

Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges

During the second quarter 2010, we recorded an additional \$11 million of net restructuring and asset impairment charges, which included approximately \$16 million of severance costs related to headcount reductions of approximately 300 employees primarily in North America. These costs were partially offset by \$6 million of net reversals for changes in estimated reserves from prior period initiatives.

The restructuring reserve balance as of June 30, 2010, for all programs was \$197 million, of which approximately \$179 million is expected to be spent over the next twelve months.

Acquisition Related Costs

Costs of \$15 million were incurred during the second quarter 2010 in connection with our acquisition of ACS. These costs include \$11 million of transaction costs, which represent external costs directly related to completing the acquisition of ACS and primarily reflected legal costs associated with the recently settled ACS shareholders litigation. The remainder of the acquisition related costs represents external incremental costs directly related to the integration of ACS and Xerox. These costs include expenditures for consulting, systems integration and corporate communication services.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

During the second quarter 2010, we recorded \$85 million of expense related to the amortization of intangible assets, which is \$70 million higher than second quarter 2009. The increase primarily reflects the amortization of intangibles associated with our acquisition of ACS. As a result of the ACS acquisition, amortization of acquired intangibles for 2010 is expected to be approximately \$250 million higher than the prior year.

Worldwide Employment

Worldwide employment of 130,800 at June 30, 2010 increased approximately 77,200 from year-end 2009 primarily due to additional headcount acquired with the ACS acquisition.

Other Expenses, Net

| | ٦ | Three Months Ende | | |
|--|----|-------------------|----|-----|
| (in millions) | 20 | 010 | 20 | 009 |
| Non-financing interest expense | \$ | 92 | \$ | 63 |
| Interest income | | (4) | | (6) |
| Loss (gains) on sales of businesses and assets | | 1 | | (7) |
| Currency (gains) losses, net | | (2) | | 1 |
| ACS shareholders litigation settlement | | 36 | | — |
| Litigation matters | | 1 | | 5 |
| All other expenses, net | | 4 | | 16 |
| Total Other Expenses, Net | \$ | 128 | \$ | 72 |

Non-Financing Interest Expense

Second quarter 2010 non-financing interest expense of \$92 million was \$29 million higher than second quarter 2009 due to higher debt balances primarily as a result of our \$2 billion Senior Note offering used to finance the acquisition of ACS.

ACS Shareholders Litigation Settlement

Second quarter 2010 ACS shareholders litigation settlement expense of \$36 million reflects the previously disclosed settlement of claims by ACS shareholders arising out of Xerox's acquisition of ACS and is net of insurance proceeds.

All Other Expenses, Net

Second quarter 2010 all other expenses, net decreased \$12 million from second quarter 2009 driven in part by lower interest expense on Brazil tax and labor contingencies.

Income Taxes

| | Th | Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 | | | | ded) |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | Income | | | | Effective |
| (in millions) | Pre-Tax Income | Tax Expense | Effective Tax Rate | Pre-Tax Income | Tax Expense | Tax Rate |
| Reported | \$ 320 | \$ 112 | 35.0% | \$ 197 | \$ 59 | 29.9% |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | |
| Xerox restructuring charge | 11 | 4 | | _ | _ | |
| Acquisition-related costs | 15 | 1 | | _ | _ | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 85 | 32 | | 15 | 6 | |
| ACS shareholders litigation settlement | 36 | | | | | |
| Adjusted | <u>\$ 467</u> | \$ 149 | <u>31.9</u> % | \$ 212 | \$ 65 | 30.7% |

Second quarter 2010 effective tax rate was 35.0%. On an adjusted basis, second quarter 2010 tax rate was 31.9%³, which was lower than the U.S. statutory tax rate primarily due to a tax benefit associated with the utilization of foreign tax credits partially offset by a tax expense associated with tax law changes.

Second quarter 2009 effective tax rate was 29.9%. On an adjusted basis, the second quarter 2009 tax rate was 30.7%³, which was lower than the U.S. statutory tax rate primarily due to the net tax benefits from the geographical mix of income before taxes and the related tax rates in those jurisdictions.

Our effective tax rate is based on nonrecurring events as well as recurring factors, including the geographical mix of income and the related tax rates in those jurisdictions and available foreign tax credits. In addition, our effective tax rate will change based on discrete or other nonrecurring events that may not be predictable.

We anticipate that our effective tax rate for the remaining quarters of 2010 will be approximately 32%, excluding the effects of any discrete events.

Equity in Net Income of Unconsolidated Affiliates

Equity in net income of unconsolidated affiliates of \$28 million improved \$19 million compared to second quarter 2009, which reflects our 25% share of Fuji Xerox's higher net income driven by higher revenue and cost improvements. Second quarter 2010 equity income includes charges of \$5 million related to our share of Fuji Xerox after-tax restructuring compared to \$9 million of charges for the second quarter 2009.

Notes for Operations Review:

- (1) Results for the Services segment, Gross Margin and SAG are discussed primarily on a pro-forma basis and include ACS's estimated results for April 1st through June 30th in 2009 since actual comparisons against the prior year would not otherwise be meaningful. See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for an explanation of these non-GAAP financial measures.
- Post sale revenue does not include outsourcing revenue which is reported in our Services segment.
- (3) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for an explanation of this non-GAAP financial measure

Capital Resources and Liquidity

The following table summarizes our cash and cash equivalents for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

| | June 30, | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (in millions) | 2010 | 2009 | Change | | | | | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 678 | \$ 609 | \$ 69 | | | | | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (130 |) (36) | (94) | | | | | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | (457) |) 82 | (539) | | | | | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (19 |)17 | (36) | | | | | |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | 72 | 672 | (600) | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 1,010 | 549 | 461 | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period | \$ 1,082 | \$ 1,221 | \$ (139) | | | | | |

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$678 million in the second quarter 2010 reflecting the inclusion of ACS as well as approximately \$20 million of cash outflows for acquisition related costs. The \$69 million increase in cash from second quarter 2009 was primarily due to the following:

- \$282 million increase in pre-tax income before depreciation and amortization, litigation and restructuring.
- \$123 million increase due to higher accounts payable and accrued compensation primarily related to the higher level of inventory purchases.
- \$23 million increase due to lower restructuring payments.
- \$248 million decrease as a result of higher inventory levels reflecting increased activity.
- \$36 million decrease due to the net settlement of the ACS shareholders litigation.
- \$34 million decrease due to an increase in accounts receivable of \$76 million reflecting higher revenues partially offset by collections of \$42 million of deferred proceeds from prior quarter sales of receivables.
- \$33 million decrease as a result of up-front costs associated with service contracts.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$130 million in the second quarter 2010. The \$94 million decrease in cash from second quarter 2009 was primarily due to an increase in capital expenditures (including internal use software) of \$88 million as a result of the inclusion of ACS in 2010.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$457 million in the second quarter 2010. The \$539 million decrease in cash from second quarter 2009 was primarily due to the following:

- \$547 million decrease from higher net repayments on other debt. Second quarter 2010 reflects the repayment of \$950 million of Senior Notes offset by net proceeds of \$602 million from borrowings under the Credit Facility and net payments of \$48 million on other debt. Second quarter 2009 reflects the issuance of \$750 million in Senior Notes, as well as net payments of \$599 million on the Credit Facility.
- \$22 million decrease reflecting dividends on a larger number of outstanding shares as a result of the acquisition of ACS.

\$16 million increase primarily due to lower debt payments on secured financings.

Customer Financing Activities

The following represents our Total finance assets, net associated with our lease and finance operations:

| (in millions) | June 30, 2010 | Dec | cember 31, 2009 |
|---|------------------|-----|--------------------|
| Total Finance receivables, net ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 6,392 | \$ | 7,027 |
| Equipment on operating leases, net | 504 | | 551 |
| Total Finance Assets, net | \$ 6,896 | \$ | 7,578 |

The reduction of \$682 million in Total finance assets, net includes unfavorable currency of \$383 million.

(1) Includes (i) billed portion of finance receivables, net, (ii) finance receivables, net and (iii) finance receivables due after one year, net as included in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

The following summarizes our debt as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

| (in millions) | June 30, 2010 | Dec | ember 31, 2009 |
|--|------------------|-----|-------------------|
| Principal debt balance | \$ 9,398 | \$ | 9,122 |
| Net unamortized discount | (1) | | (11) |
| Fair value adjustments | 220 | | 153 |
| Total Debt | 9,617 | | 9,264 |
| Less: current maturities and short-term debt | (358) | | (988) |
| Total Long-Term Debt | \$ 9,259 | \$ | 8,276 |

Our lease contracts permit customers to pay for equipment over time rather than at the date of installation, therefore, we maintain a certain level of debt (that we refer to as financing debt) to support our investment in these lease contracts, which are reflected in Total finance assets, net. For this financing aspect of our business, we maintain an assumed 7:1 leverage ratio of debt to equity as compared to our finance assets. Based on this leverage, the following represents the breakdown of total debt between financing debt and core debt:

| (in millions) | June 30, 2010 | Dec | ember 31, 2009 |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----|-------------------|
| Financing Debt ⁽²⁾ | \$ 6,034 | \$ | 6,631 |
| Core Debt | 3,583 | | 2,633 |
| Total Debt | \$ 9,617 | \$ | 9,264 |

⁽²⁾ Financing debt includes \$5,593 million and \$6,149 million as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, of debt associated with Total finance receivables, net and is the basis for our calculation of "equipment financing interest" expense. The remainder of the financing debt is associated with Equipment on operating leases.

Sales of Accounts Receivables

We have facilities in the U.S., Canada and several countries in Europe that enable us to sell, on an on-going basis, certain accounts receivables without recourse to third-parties. The accounts receivables sold are generally short-term trade receivables with payment due dates of less than 60 days. Accounts receivables sales activity for the second quarter 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

| | | Months Ended |
|--|--------|-----------------|
| (in millions) | 2010 | une 30, 2009 |
| Accounts receivable sales | \$ 535 | \$ 373 |
| Deferred proceeds | 73 | _ |
| Fees associated with sales | 3 | 3 |
| Estimated increase on operating cash flows (1) | 86 | 111 |

⁽I) Represents the difference between current and prior period receivable sales adjusted for the effects of the deferred proceeds and currency.

Forward-Looking Statements

This release contains "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "will," "should" and similar expressions, as they relate to us, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's current beliefs, assumptions and expectations and are subject to a number of factors that may cause actual results to differ materially. These factors include but are not limited to: the unprecedented volatility in the global economy; the risk that unexpected costs will be incurred; the outcome of litigation and regulatory proceedings to which we may be a party; actions of competitors; changes and developments affecting our industry; quarterly or cyclical variations in financial results; development of new products and services; interest rates and cost of borrowing; our ability to protect our intellectual property rights; our ability to maintain and improve cost efficiency of operations, including savings from restructuring actions; changes in foreign currency exchange rates; changes in economic conditions, political conditions, trade protection measures, licensing requirements and tax matters in the foreign countries in which we do business; reliance on third parties for manufacturing of products and provision of services; the risk that we will not realize all of the anticipated benefits from the acquisition of Affiliated Computer Services, Inc.; our ability to recover capital investments; the risk that subcontractors, software vendors and utility and network providers will not perform in a timely, quality manner; the risk that multi-year contracts with governmental entities could be terminated prior to the end of the contract term; the risk that individually identifiable information of customers, clients and employees could be inadvertently disclosed or disclosed as a result of a breach of our security; and other factors that are set forth in the "Risk Factors" section, the "Legal Proceedings" section, the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section and other sections of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-O for the guarter ended March 31, 2010 and our 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events or developments, except as required by law.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We have reported our financial results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). In addition, we have discussed the non-GAAP measures described below. A reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP are set forth below as well as in the 2010 second quarter presentation slides available at www.xerox.com/investor.

These non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the Company's reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted Earnings Measures

To better understand the trends in our business and the impact of the ACS acquisition, we believe it is necessary to adjust the following amounts determined in accordance with GAAP to exclude the effects of the certain items as well as their related income tax effects:

- Net income and Earnings per share ("EPS") 2010 second quarter actual and EPS guidance for the 2010 third quarter and full-year
- Effective tax rate
- Operating income and margin

The above have been adjusted for the following items:

- Restructuring and asset impairment charges (including those incurred by Fuji Xerox): Restructuring and asset impairment charges consist of costs primarily related to severance and benefits for employees terminated pursuant to formal restructuring and workforce reduction plans. We exclude these charges because we believe that these historical costs do not reflect expected future operating expenses and do not contribute to a meaningful evaluation of our current or past operating performance. In addition, such charges are inconsistent in amount and frequency. Such charges are expected to yield future benefits and savings with respect to our operational performance.
- <u>Acquisition related costs</u>: We incurred significant expenses in connection with our acquisition of ACS which we generally would not have otherwise incurred in the periods presented as a part of our continuing operations. Acquisition related costs include transaction and integration costs, which represent external incremental costs directly related to completing the acquisition and the integration of ACS and Xerox. We believe it is useful for investors to understand the effects of these costs on our total operating expenses.
- Amortization of intangible assets: The amortization of intangible assets is driven by our acquisition activity which can vary in size, nature and timing as compared to other companies within our industry and from period to period. Accordingly, due to the incomparability of acquisition activity among companies and from period to period, we believe exclusion of the amortization associated with intangible assets acquired through our acquisitions allows investors to better compare and understand our results. The use of intangible assets contributed to our revenues earned during the periods presented and will contribute to our future period revenues as well. Amortization of intangible assets will recur in future periods.
- Other discrete, unusual or infrequent costs and expenses: In addition, we have also excluded the following additional items given the discrete, unusual or infrequent nature of these items on our results of operations for the period 1) ACS shareholders litigation settlement (Q2); 2) Venezuela devaluation (Q1) and 3) Medicare subsidy tax law change (income tax effect only) (Q1). We believe exclusion of these items allows investors to better understand and analyze the results for the period as compared to prior periods as well as expected trends in our business.

Pro-forma Basis

To better understand the trends in our business, we discuss our 2010 operating results by comparing them against adjusted 2009 results which include ACS historical results for the comparable period. Accordingly, we have included ACS's 2009 estimated results for the comparable period, April 1st through June 30th in 2009 in our reported 2009 results and, in the context of our first quarter and year-to-date results from February 5, 2009. We refer to comparisons against these adjusted 2009 results as "pro-forma" basis comparisons. ACS 2009 historical results have been adjusted to reflect fair value adjustments related to property, equipment and computer software as well as customer contract costs. In addition, adjustments were made for deferred revenue, exited businesses and other material non-recurring costs associated with the acquisition. We believe comparisons on a pro-forma basis are more meaningful than the actual comparisons given the size and nature of the ACS acquisition. We believe the pro-forma basis comparisons allow investors to have better understanding and additional perspective of the expected trends in our business as well as the impact of the ACS acquisition on the Company's operations.

Constant Currency

To better understand trends in our business, we believe that it is helpful to adjust revenue to exclude the impact of changes in the translation of foreign currencies into U.S. dollars. We refer to this adjusted revenue as "constant currency." Currencies for developing market countries (Latin America, Brazil, Middle East, India, Eurasia and Central-Eastern Europe) that we operate in are reported at actual exchange rates for both actual and constant revenue growth rates because (1) these countries historically have had volatile currency and inflationary environments and (2) our subsidiaries in these countries have historically taken pricing actions to mitigate the impact of inflation and devaluation. Management believes the constant currency measure provides investors an additional perspective on revenue trends. Currency impact can be determined as the difference between actual growth rates and constant currency growth rates.

Management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide an additional means of analyzing the current periods' results against the corresponding prior periods' results. However, these non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the Company's reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures and should be read only in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our management regularly uses our supplemental non-GAAP financial measures internally to understand, manage and evaluate our business and make operating decisions. These non-GAAP measures are among the primary factors management uses in planning for and forecasting future periods. Compensation of our executives is based in part on the performance of our business based on these non-GAAP measures.

A reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures and the most directly comparable measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP are set forth on the following tables:

Net Income and EPS reconciliation:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 | | | Т | ns Ended 2009 | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------|---------|------------|------------------|---------|
| (in millions; except per share amounts) | Net | Income | EPS | Net Income | | EPS |
| Reported | \$ | 227 | \$ 0.16 | \$ | 140 | \$ 0.16 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | |
| Xerox and Fuji Xerox restructuring charge | | 12 | 0.01 | | 9 | 0.01 |
| Acquisition-related costs | | 14 | 0.01 | | _ | _ |
| Amortization of intangible assets | | 53 | 0.04 | | 9 | 0.01 |
| ACS shareholders litigation settlement | | 36 | 0.02 | | | |
| | | 115 | 0.08 | | 18 | 0.02 |
| Adjusted | \$ | 342 | \$ 0.24 | \$ | 158 | \$ 0.18 |

Average shares for the calculation of adjusted EPS were 1,446 million and include 27 million shares associated with the Series A convertible preferred stock and therefore excludes the quarterly dividends of \$6 million. On a quarterly basis we evaluate the dilutive effect of the Series A convertible preferred stock on an "if converted" basis.

| | Earnings Q3 2010 | Per Share FY 2010 |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| GAAP EPS | \$0.14 - \$0.16 | \$0.47 - \$0.51 |
| Adjustments: | | |
| Xerox restructuring charge | 0.01 | 0.14 |
| Fuji Xerox restructuring charge | _ | 0.02 |
| Acquisition related costs | _ | 0.04 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 0.04 | 0.14 |
| Venezuela devaluation | _ | 0.02 |
| ACS shareholders litigation settlement | - | 0.03 |
| Senior note redemption | _ | 0.01 |
| Medicare subsidy tax law change | - | 0.01 |
| | 0.05 | 0.41 |
| Adjusted EPS | \$0.19 - \$0.21 | \$0.88 - \$0.92 |
| Est. weighted avg shares for adj EPS* | 1,419 | 1,389 |

^{*}Q3 2010: Average shares exclude 27 million shares associated with the Series A convertible preferred stock because to include them would be anti-dilutive. However, the quarterly dividend of \$6 million associated with the preferred stock has been taken into account in the EPS guidance range.

Note: we evaluate the dilutive effect of the Series A convertible preferred stock on an "if-converted" basis.

^{*}FY 2010: Average shares include a pro-rata portion of the 27 million shares associated with the Series A convertible preferred stock. As a result, the 2010 dividends of \$21 million have been excluded when calculating the full-year EPS guidance range.

Effective Tax reconciliation:

| | Th | ree Months Er June 30, 201 | | Three Months Ended June 30, 2009 | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| (in millions) | Pre- Tax Income | Income Tax Expense | Effective Tax Rate | Pre- Tax Income | Income Tax Expense | Effective Tax Rate | |
| Reported | \$ 320 | \$ 112 | 35.0% | \$ 197 | \$ 59 | 29.9% | |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | |
| Xerox restructuring charge | 11 | 4 | | _ | _ | | |
| Acquisition-related costs | 15 | 1 | | _ | _ | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 85 | 32 | | 15 | 6 | | |
| ACS shareholders litigation settlement | 36 | _ | | _ | _ | | |
| Adjusted | \$ 467 | \$ 149 | 31.9% | \$ 212 | \$ 65 | 30.7% | |

Operating Income / Margin reconciliation:

| | | June 30, 2010 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|---------------|--------|--|--|--|
| (in millions) | Amount | Revenue | Margin | | | |
| Pre-tax Income/Margin-Reported | \$ 320 | \$5,508 | 5.8% | | | |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | |
| Xerox restructuring charge | 11 | | | | | |
| Acquisition-related costs | 15 | | | | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 85 | | | | | |
| Other expenses, net | 128 | | | | | |
| Operating Income/Margin-Adjusted | \$ 559 | \$5,508 | 10.1% | | | |

Pro-forma:

Total Xerox:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----|------------------|----|-------------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| (in millions) | As | Reported 2010 | | Reported 2009 | | o-forma 009 ⁽¹⁾ | Change | Pro-forma Change |
| Revenue Category | | | | | _ | | | |
| Equipment sales | \$ | 930 | \$ | 828 | \$ | 828 | 12% | 12% |
| Supplies, paper and other | | 861 | | 774 | | 808 | 11% | 7% |
| Sales | | 1,791 | | 1,602 | | 1,636 | 12% | 9% |
| Service, outsourcing and rentals | | 3,553 | | 1,951 | | 3,577 | 82% | (1)% |
| Finance income | | 164 | | 178 | | 178 | (8)% | (8)% |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 5,508 | \$ | 3,731 | \$ | 5,391 | 48% | 2% |
| Service, outsourcing and rentals | \$ | 3,553 | \$ | 1,951 | \$ | 3,577 | 82% | (1)% |
| Add: Finance income | | 164 | | 178 | | 178 | <u></u> | (_) |
| Add: Supplies, paper and other sales | | 861 | | 774 | | 808 | | |
| Annuity Revenue | \$ | 4,578 | \$ | 2,903 | \$ | 4,563 | 58% | _ |
| Gross Profit: | | | | | | | | |
| Sales | \$ | 619 | \$ | 537 | \$ | 543 | | |
| Service, outsourcing and rentals | | 1,194 | | 851 | | 1,200 | | |
| Financing income | | 103 | | 110 | | 110 | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,916 | \$ | 1,498 | \$ | 1,853 | | |
| Gross Margin: | | | | | | | | |
| Sales | | 34.6% | | 33.5% | | 33.2% | 1.1 pts | 1.4 pts |
| Service, outsourcing and rentals | | 33.6% | | 43.6% | | 33.6% | (10.0) pts | — pts |
| Finance | | 62.8% | | 61.8% | | 61.8% | 1.0 pts | 1.0 pts |
| Total | | 34.8% | | 40.2% | | 34.4% | (5.4) pts | 0.4 pts |
| RD&E | \$ | 194 | \$ | 202 | \$ | 202 | | |
| RD&E % Revenue | | 3.5% | | 5.4% | | 3.7% | (1.9) pts | (0.2) pts |
| SAG | \$ | 1,163 | \$ | 1,013 | \$ | 1,154 | | |
| SAG % Revenue | | 21.1% | | 27.2% | | 21.4% | (6.1) pts | (0.3) pts |

NOTES:
(1) Pro-forma reflects ACS's 2009 estimated results from April 1st through June 30th in 2009 adjusted to reflect fair value adjustments related to property, equipment and computer software as well as customer contract costs. In addition, adjustments were made for deferred revenue, exited businesses and other material non-recurring costs associated with the acquisition.

Total Xerox:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----|------------------|----|-------------------------------|---------|---------------------|
| (in millions) | | As Reported 2010 | | Reported 2009 | | o-forma 109 ⁽¹⁾ | Change | Pro-forma Change |
| Pre-tax Income | \$ | 320 | \$ | 197 | \$ | 387 | | |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | |
| Xerox restructuring charge | | 11 | | (1) | | (1) | | |
| Acquisition related costs | | 15 | | | | _ | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | | 85 | | 15 | | 15 | | |
| Other expenses, net | | 128 | | 72 | | 97 | | |
| Adjusted Operating Income | \$ | 559 | \$ | 283 | \$ | 498 | | |
| Due des la como Manada | | | | | - | 7.00/ | 0.5 | (4, 4)+- |
| Pre-tax Income Margin | | 5.8% | | 5.3% | | 7.2% | 0.5 pts | (1.4) pts |
| Adjusted Operating Margin | | 10.1% | | 7.6% | | 9.2% | 2.5 pts | 0.9 pts |

Services Segment:

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| (in millions) | As Reported 2010 | As Reported 2009 | Pro-forma 2009 ⁽¹⁾ | <u>Change</u> | Pro-forma Change | | | |
| Document Outsourcing | \$ 836 | \$ 850 | \$ 850 | (2%) | (2%) | | | |
| Business Processing Outsourcing (2) | 1,341 | _ | 1,306 | * | 3% | | | |
| Information Technology Outsourcing | 352 | | 354 | * | (1%) | | | |
| Total Revenue-Services | <u>\$ 2,529</u> | \$ 850 | \$ 2,510 | 198% | 1% | | | |
| Segment Profit-Services | \$ 319 | <u>\$ 61</u> | \$ 282 | * | 13% | | | |
| Segment Margin-Services | 12.6% | 7.2% | <u>11.2</u> % | | | | | |

Percent change not meaningful.

XXX

NOTES:
(1) Pro-forma reflects ACS's 2009 estimated results from April 1st through June 30th in 2009 adjusted to reflect fair value adjustments related to property, equipment and computer software as well as customer contract costs. In addition, adjustments were made for deferred revenue, exited businesses and other material non-recurring costs associated with the acquisition.

NOTES:
(1) Pro-forma reflects ACS's 2009 estimated results from April 1st through June 30th in 2009 adjusted to reflect fair value adjustments related to property, equipment and computer software as well as customer contract costs. In addition, adjustments were made for deferred revenue, exited businesses and other material non-recurring costs associated with the acquisition.
(2) BPO does not include at this time historic Xerox BPO services, those are included in Document Outsourcing.

APPENDIX I

Xerox Corporation Earnings per Common Share

(in millions, except per share data. Shares in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------|------|-------------|------------------------------|---------|----|---------|
| | 2 | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2009 |
| Basic Earnings per Share: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income attributable to Xerox | \$ | 227 | \$ | 140 | \$ | 185 | \$ | 182 |
| Accrued Dividends on preferred stock | | (6) | | | | (9) | | |
| Adjusted net income available to common shareholders | \$ | 221 | \$ | 140 | \$ | 176 | \$ | 182 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 1,3 | 83,283 | 8 | 70,161 | _1, | 265,080 | 8 | 68,782 |
| Basic Earnings per Share | \$ | 0.16 | \$ | 0.16 | \$ | 0.14 | \$ | 0.21 |
| Diluted Earnings per Share: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income attributable to Xerox | \$ | 227 | \$ | 140 | \$ | 185 | \$ | 182 |
| Accrued Dividends on preferred stock | \$ | (6) | \$ | _ | \$ | (9) | \$ | _ |
| Interest on Convertible Securities, net | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted net income available to common shareholders | \$ | 221 | \$ | 140 | \$ | 176 | \$ | 182 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 1,3 | 83,283 | 8 | 70,161 | 1, | 265,080 | 8 | 68,782 |
| Common shares issuable with respect to: | | | | | | | | |
| Stock options | | 14,393 | | 325 | | 12,439 | | 322 |
| Restricted stock and performance shares | | 18,984 | | 6,448 | | 16,756 | | 8,144 |
| Convertible preferred stock | | | | | | _ | | _ |
| Convertible securities | | <u>1,992</u> 1,992 | | | | | | |
| Adjusted weighted average common shares outstanding | 1,4 | 18,652 | 8 | 78,926 | | 294,275 | -8 | 377,248 |
| Diluted Earnings per Share | \$ | 0.16 | \$ | 0.16 | \$ | 0.14 | \$ | 0.21 |
| The following securities were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because to do so would have been anti-dilutive (in thousands of shares): | | | | | | | | |
| Stock options | 1 | .09,790 | 4 | 14,398 | | 111,744 | | 44,401 |
| Restricted stock and performance shares | | 12,852 | | 8,482 | | 15,080 | | 6,786 |
| Convertible preferred stock | | 26,966 | | _ | | 26,966 | | _ |
| Convertible Securities | | | | | | 1,992 | | 1,992 |
| | 1 | .49,608 | ! | 52,880 | _ | 155,782 | _ | 53,179 |
| Dividends per Common Share | \$ | 0.0425 | \$ (| 0.0425 | \$ | 0.085 | \$ | 0.085 |

APPENDIX II

Xerox Corporation Reconciliation of Segment Operating Profit to Pre-Tax Income

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------|--|
| (in millions) | 2010 | 2009 | |
| Segment Profit | \$ 499 | \$ 229 | |
| Reconciling items: | | | |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | (11) | 1 | |
| Restructuring charges of Fuji Xerox | (5) | (9) | |
| Acquisition-related costs | (15) | _ | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | (85) | (15) | |
| ACS shareholders litigation settlement | (36) | | |
| Equity in net income of unconsolidated affiliates | (28) | (9) | |
| Other | 1 | _ | |
| Pre-Tax Income | \$ 320 | \$ 197 | |

Our reportable segments are aligned to how we manage the business and view the markets we serve. Our reportable segments are Technology, Services and Other.

Technology:

The Technology segment is centered around strategic product groups, which share common technology, manufacturing and product platforms. This segment includes the sale of document systems and supplies, provision of technical service and financing of products. Our products range from:

- •"Entry", which includes A4 devices and desktop printers.
- •"Mid-Range", which includes A3 devices that generally serve workgroup environments in mid to large enterprises. This includes products that fall into the market categories, Color 41+ppm <\$100K and Light Production 91+ppm <\$100K.
- •"High-End", which includes production printing and publishing systems that generally serve the graphic communications marketplace and large enterprises.

Services:

The Services segment comprises three service offerings, Document Outsourcing, which includes Managed Print Services and historic Xerox Business Process Outsourcing services, Business Process Outsourcing and Information Technology Outsourcing.

Other:

The Other segment includes Xerox Supplies Business Group ("XSBG") (predominantly paper), Wide Format Systems, licensing revenue, GIS network integration solutions and electronic presentation systems, and non-allocated corporate items.